

# SO-SFP-100BASE-LXD

SFP, 100Base, 1310nm, SM, DDM, 13dB, 15km

## OVERVIEW

SO-SFP-100BASE-LXD is a 1310nm SFP transceiver for SingleMode (SM) fiber for Fast Ethernet (100M) and STM-1/OC-3 services. The optical performance provides a bridgeable distance of up to 15 km.

This transceiver provides digital diagnostic functions via a 2-wire serial interface as defined by the SFF-8472 specification.

## TECHNICAL DATA

<b>Technology</b>	Grey SFP
<b>Transmission media</b>	SM (2x LC)
<b>Typical reach</b>	15 km
<b>Nominal wavelength</b>	1310 nm
<b>Interface standards</b>	OC-3 IR-1 STM-1 S-1.1
<b>Bit rate range</b>	125 – 155.5 Mbps
<b>Protocols</b>	Eth: 100M Ethernet (FE) SDH/SONET: STM-1/OC-3
<b>Power budget</b>	0.0 - 13 dB <sup>1)</sup>
<b>Temperature range</b>	0°C to +70°C
<b>Power consumption</b>	< 1.0W

<b>Transmitter data</b>	Output power:	Min: -15.0 dBm Max: -8.0 dBm
	Tx wavelength:	Min: 1260 nm Max: 1360 nm
<b>Receiver data</b>	Minimum input power:	-28.0 dBm <sup>1)</sup>
	Overload (max power):	-8.0 dBm
	Wavelength range:	1260 - 1600 nm
<b>DDM</b>		Yes
<b>MSA compliance</b>		SFP MSA SFF-8472

<sup>1)</sup> @ 155 Mbps & BER 1E-12

### Regulatory compliance

<b>EMC CE</b>	EN 55022:2010 EN 55024:2010
<b>UL/Safety</b>	UL 60950-1
<b>FCC</b>	47 CFR PART 15 OCT, 2013
<b>RoHS</b>	RoHS 6
<b>TUV</b>	EN 60950-1:2006+A11+A1+A12+A2 EN 60825-1:2014 EN 60825-2:2004+A1+A2

<b>Storage temp.</b>	-40°C to +85°C
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Note! See "Definitions" below.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Description
SO-SFP-100Base-LXD	SFP, 100Base, 1310nm, SM, DDM, 13dB, 15km

## DEFINITIONS

Technology:	Grey; Transceiver type for non-WDM applications. Electrical or optical. CWDM; Transceiver type for CWDM applications using G.694.2 channel grid. DWDM; Transceiver type for DWDM applications using G.694.1 channel grid. BiDi; Transceiver pair using two different wavelength channels operating on a single-fiber. DAC: Direct Attach Cable. Electrical or optical cable with attached connectors.
Transmission Media:	Type of fiber, e.g. Multimode (MM) or Singlemode (SM). Number of and connector type within brackets (e.g. 2x LC, 1x MPO).
Typical reach:	Nominal distance performance based on dispersion and power budget properties, i.e. w/o dispersion compensation and optical amplification.
Bit rate range:	Supported bit rate range in Gigabit or Megabit per second (Gbps or Mbps).
Protocols:	Protocols within supported bit rate range.
Nominal wavelength:	Typical wavelength from transmitter.
Interface standards:	Referenced interface standards e.g. IEEE 802.3 standard for 10GbE services.
Power budget:	Min and max power budget between Transmitter and Receiver. Excluding any dispersion penalty.
Dispersion tolerance/penalty:	Maximum amount of tolerated dispersion and required reduction of power budget to maintain BER better than $1E^{-12}$ . Defined at a specific bit rate.
Temperature range:	Max operating case temperature range. Standard temperature range: Typically 0°C to +70°C (32°F to +158°F) Extended temperature range (E-temp): Typically -20°C to +75°C (-4°F to +167°F) Industrial temperature range (I-temp): -40°C to +85°C (-40°F to +185°F)
Power consumption:	Worst case power consumption.
Transmitter Output power:	Average output power. Provided in min and max values.
Receiver minimum input power:	Minimum average input power at specified BER, normally $1E^{-12}$ .
Receiver max input power:	Maximum average input power at specified BER, normally $1E^{-12}$ .
DDM:	Digital Diagnostic Monitoring functionality as defined in SFF-8472 MSA.